



NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.

CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 and 2019

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Notice to Reader:

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements of New Oroperu Resources Inc. (the “Company”) have been prepared by management and reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company. In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 released by the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its external auditors have not reviewed these condensed interim financial statements, notes to financial statements and the related quarterly Management Discussion and Analysis.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Financial Position
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
As at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current		
Cash	\$ 1,900,480	\$ 487,128
Receivables	30,366	20,505
Prepaid expenses	20,833	7,292
	1,951,679	514,925
Non-current		
Exploration and evaluation properties (Note 4)	97,386	1
	\$ 2,049,065	\$ 514,926
Liabilities		
Current		
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 13,815	\$ 20,064
Due to related parties (Note 6)	11,300	8,285
	25,115	28,349
Equity		
Share capital (Note 5)	35,200,779	33,451,722
Reserves - Stock option (Note 5c)	2,188,070	1,476,463
Reserves - Warrants (Note 5d)	253,917	253,917
Deficit	(35,618,816)	(34,695,525)
	2,023,950	486,577
	\$ 2,049,065	\$ 514,926

Event Subsequent to the End of the Period (Note 10)

Approved and Authorized for Issue by the Board on November 27, 2020:

"K. Wayne Livingstone"
..... Director

"Maynard E. Brown"
..... Director

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Loss and Comprehensive Loss
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Three months ended September 30		Nine months ended September 30	
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Expenses				
Consulting fees	\$ 140,300	\$ 29,871	\$ 179,050	\$ 89,456
Directors fees	10,627	9,000	29,008	27,000
General and administration	24,601	26,309	84,278	65,487
Insurance	5,209	3,125	11,459	9,375
Legal and audit	7,500	9,546	34,150	26,764
Property maintenance	-	-	195	4,596
Regulatory fees	-	280	11,388	8,918
Rent	1,500	1,500	4,500	4,500
Share-based payments (Note 5c)	546,304	-	711,607	-
	(736,041)	(79,631)	(1,065,635)	(236,096)
Other				
Proceeds of option payments in excess of costs (Note 4a)	-	-	167,015	235,531
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	(10,203)	2,669	(24,671)	5,776
Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss for the Period	\$ (746,244)	\$ (76,962)	\$ (923,291)	\$ 5,211
Loss Per Share, Basic and Diluted	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.00)
Weighted Average Number of Common Shares Outstanding	24,462,292	21,284,143	24,462,292	21,284,143

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	Share Capital		Reserves			Total Equity
	Number of Shares	Amount	Stock options	Warrants	Deficit	
Balance, December 31, 2018	20,924,985	\$ 33,053,980	\$ 1,476,463	\$ 105,917	\$ (34,620,861)	\$ 15,499
Net income for the period	-	-	-	-	5,211	5,211
Private placement financing (Note 5b)	1,850,000	555,000	-	-	-	555,000
Share issue costs (Note 5b)	-	(4,224)	-	-	-	(4,224)
Balance, September 30, 2019	22,774,985	\$ 33,604,756	\$ 1,476,463	\$ 105,917	\$ (34,615,650)	\$ 571,486
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(79,875)	(79,875)
Reserve value of warrants issued (Note 5d)	-	(148,000)	-	148,000	-	-
Share issue costs (Note 5b)	-	(5,034)	-	-	-	(5,034)
Balance, December 31, 2019	22,774,985	\$ 33,451,722	\$ 1,476,463	\$ 253,917	\$ (34,695,525)	\$ 486,577
Share based payments (Note 5c)	-	-	711,607	-	-	711,607
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(923,291)	(923,291)
Private placement financing (Note 5b)	1,857,143	1,300,000	-	-	-	1,300,000
Warrants exercised at \$0.20 (Note 5b)	2,118,334	423,667	-	-	-	423,667
Warrants exercised at \$0.85 (Note 5b)	37,500	31,875	-	-	-	31,875
Stock options exercised at \$0.17 (Note 5b)	50,000	8,500	-	-	-	8,500
Share issue costs (Note 5b)	-	(14,985)	-	-	-	(14,985)
Balance, September 30, 2020	26,837,962	\$ 35,200,779	\$ 2,188,070	\$ 253,917	\$ (35,618,816)	\$ 2,023,950

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating activities		
Net income (loss)	\$ (923,291)	\$ 5,211
Items not involving cash:		
Share-based payments (Note 5c)	711,607	-
Proceeds of option payments in excess of costs (Note 4a)	(167,015)	-
Changes in non-cash working capital:		
Accounts receivables	(9,861)	(4,681)
Prepaid expenses	(13,541)	(1,605)
Due to related parties (Note 6)	3,015	(41,727)
Trade accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(6,249)	(9,238)
Cash Used in Operating Activities	(405,335)	(52,040)
Investing Activities		
Tres Cruces option payment received from Barrick (Note 4a)	244,720	-
Exploration and evaluation property expenditures (Note 4a)	(175,090)	-
Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	69,630	-
Financing Activities		
Proceeds from private placement (Note 5b)	1,300,000	555,000
Share issue costs (Note 5b)	(14,985)	(4,224)
Stock options exercised (Note 5c)	8,500	-
Warrants exercised (Note 5d)	455,542	-
Cash provided by Financing Activities	1,749,057	550,776
Increase in Cash	1,413,352	498,736
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	487,128	160,112
Cash, End of Period	\$ 1,900,480	\$ 658,848
Supplemental Cash Flow Information		
Interest paid	\$ -	\$ -
Income taxes paid	\$ -	\$ -

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS AND GOING CONCERN

New Oroperu Resources Inc. (the “Company”) was incorporated under the laws of British Columbia on October 12, 1994. The Company is in the business of acquiring and exploring mineral properties in Peru and Canada, and has not yet determined whether its properties contain ore reserves that are economically recoverable. The Company is listed on the TSX Venture Exchange and is a reporting issuer in Ontario, Alberta and British Columbia.

The head office and principal address of the Company is situated at Suite 320–800 West Pender Street, Vancouver, British Columbia, Canada, V6C 2V6.

The Company is not generating any operating revenue, has never paid any dividends, and is uncertain if it will pay dividends or generate earnings from operations in the immediate or foreseeable future. The continuation of the Company as a going concern is dependent upon the ability of the Company to obtain the necessary financing to continue operations, determine the existence and successful exploitation of economically recoverable reserves in its exploration and evaluation properties, confirmation of the Company’s interests in the underlying properties and the attainment of profitable operations, or the realization of proceeds from their sale.

The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares and/or obtaining debt financing. Management believes that additional financing is available and may be sourced in time to allow the Company to continue its current planned activities in the normal course. There can, however, be no assurance the Company will be able to raise funds in the future on acceptable terms. These matters indicate the existence of material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company’s ability to continue as a going concern. These consolidated financial statements do not include any adjustments relating to the recoverability of assets and classification of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern. Such adjustments could be material.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

a) Statement of compliance

These condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting. These condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2019, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS issued by the IASB.

These condensed interim financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis. In addition, these condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, except for cash flow information. They do not include all disclosures that would otherwise be required in a complete set of financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the December 31, 2019 annual financial report.

b) Approval of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements of the Company for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 were reviewed by the Audit Committee and approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on November 27, 2020.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its controlled entities. Details of controlled entities are as follows:

		Percentage owned	
		September 30 2020	December 31 2019
S.A. Mining Ventures Ltd.	Canada (BC)	100%	100%
Angelica Mining Inc.	Canada (BC)	100%	100%
T.C. Mining Inc.	Canada (BC)	100%	100%
687211 B.C. Ltd.	Canada (BC)	100%	100%
Aurifera Tres Cruces S.A.	Peru	100%	100%
Minera Angelica S.A.C.	Peru	100%	100%

Intercompany balances and transactions are eliminated on consolidation.

b) Functional and presentation currency

The functional and presentation currency of the Company and its subsidiaries is Canadian dollars.

c) Judgments and estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period capitalization and allocations of exploration and development costs associated with mineral property interests. Significant estimates where management's judgment is applied include asset valuation, asset retirement obligations, income taxes, share-based payments and ability to continue as a going concern. Actual results may differ from those estimates and judgements.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION PROPERTIES

	Tres Cruces (Note 4a)	Ontario Property (Note 4b)	Total
Balance, December 31, 2019	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 1
Technical and administrative costs	116,805	-	116,805
Geological consulting fees	58,285	-	58,285
Option payment received	(244,720)	-	(244,720)
Proceeds of option payments in excess of capital costs	167,015	-	167,015
Balance, September 30, 2020	\$ 97,385	\$ 1	\$ 1

a) Tres Cruces Project, Peru

In September 2003, the Company entered into an option agreement with Minera Barrick Misquichilca S.A. ("Barrick") for Barrick to acquire up to a 70% interest in Aurifera Tres Cruces S.A. subject to:

- (i) Barrick incurring US\$1,700,000 in exploration expenditures by December 31, 2005 (incurred);
- (ii) Barrick making payment to the Company of: US\$400,000 on execution of the option agreement (paid); US\$200,000 per year until completion of the US\$1,700,000 in exploration expenditures (paid); followed by annual payments of US\$250,000 (US\$175,000, net of Peruvian withholding taxes) per year until a production decision is made; and
- (iii) Barrick making a production decision on or before December 31, 2020.

All exploration expenditures are payable by Barrick until a production decision is made. Upon making a production decision, Barrick must pay the Company a US\$1,000,000 advance royalty and, following such production decision, the Company, through Aurifera, would retain a 30% interest subject to certain payback provisions and would also retain a 2% royalty interest.

The Company recovered all of its current year costs in the Tres Cruces property when it received \$244,720 (US\$175,000) from Barrick in May 2020, resulting in proceeds of option payments in excess of capital costs of \$167,015 to that date. Subsequent to receipt of the option payment from Barrick, for the period ended September 30, 2020 the Company incurred \$41,944 on technical and administrative costs and \$55,441 on geological consulting fees on the Tres Cruces project.

b) Other exploration and evaluation properties

The Company continues to maintain a 100% interest in one mineral property located in Ontario, Canada, which is carried at a nominal value of \$1.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

5. SHARE CAPITAL

a) Authorized

Unlimited number of common shares without par value.

b) Issued

In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company received \$423,667 from the exercise of 2,118,334 warrants at \$0.20 and \$31,875 from the exercise of 37,500 warrants at \$0.85. In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company received \$8,500 from the exercise of 50,000 stock options at \$0.17.

In May 2020, the Company completed a non-brokered private placement, consisting of 1,857,143 units at a price of \$0.70 per unit for aggregate proceeds of \$1,300,000. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one-half of one transferable share purchase warrant of the Company. Each whole share purchase warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.85 for a period of three years from the date of closing of the private placement. The Company recorded share issue costs of \$14,985 in connection with the private placement.

In August 2019, the Company completed a \$555,000 non-brokered private placement, which resulted in the issuance of 1,850,000 units at a price of \$0.30 per share. Each unit consists of one common share and one share purchase warrant (note 5(d)). The Company allocated a portion of the proceeds from the financing (\$148,000) to warrants reserve, using the residual method of accounting. The Company recorded \$9,258 of share issue costs in connection with the private placement.

As at September 30, 2020 the Company had 26,837,962 shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2019-22,774,985 shares).

c) Stock options

The Company has a stock option plan that authorizes the Board of Directors to grant options for the purchase of up to 20% of the issued and outstanding shares. Options granted under the plan vest according to the terms and conditions established by the compensation committee of the Company, subject also to regulatory vesting requirements where applicable in the case of investor relations options. All of the Company's currently outstanding options were issued with vesting periods ranging from zero to twelve months from the date of grant.

Stock options to purchase common shares have been granted to directors, employees and consultants at exercise prices determined by reference to the market value on the date of grant.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock options outstanding as at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and changes during the periods are as follows:

	September 30, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number of Options	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Outstanding, beginning of year	3,600,000	\$ 0.36	3,600,000	\$ 0.36
Granted during the period	900,000	1.94	-	-
Exercised during the period	(50,000)	0.17	-	-
Outstanding, end of period	4,450,000	\$ 0.45	3,600,000	\$ 0.36
Options exercisable	4,000,000	\$ 0.36	3,600,000	\$ 0.36

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Stock options outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Number of Options		Exercise Price	Expiry Date	Weighted Average Contractual Life of Options Remaining in Years
Outstanding	Exercisable			
1,050,000	1,050,000	\$ 0.17	October 30, 2020	0.08
2,500,000	2,500,000	\$ 0.45	December 4, 2022	2.43
400,000	200,000	\$1.25	May 4, 2023	2.59
500,000	250,000	\$2.50	September 4, 2025	4.93
4,450,000	4,000,000			

In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, an aggregate of share-based payments of \$254,175 was recognized in connection with the issuance of 400,000 options that were issued in May 2020. In September 2020, a share-based payment of \$457,431 was recognized in connection with the issuance of 500,000 options. The fair value of these options was estimated as at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model, with the following weighted average assumptions and resulting fair value:

	September 2020	May 2020
Risk-free interest rate	0.35%	0.39%
Expected life of the options in years	5 years	3 years
Annualized volatility	90.5%	110%
Dividend rate	0.00%	0.00%
Grant date fair value	\$2.30	\$1.25

d) Warrants

In May 2020, the Company issued 928,572 transferable share purchase warrants in connection with a private placement financing of the same date (Note 5b). Each warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.85 for a period of three years from the date of issue.

In August 2019, the Company issued 1,850,000 non-transferable share purchase warrants in connection with a private placement financing of the same date (note 5b). Each warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.50 for a period of three years from the date of issue. The Company allocated a portion of the proceeds from the financing (\$148,000) to warrants reserve, using the residual method of accounting.

A summary of the status of the Company's warrants outstanding as at September 30, 2020 and December 31, 2019 and changes during the periods are as follows:

	September 30, 2020	December 31, 2019
	Number of Warrants	Number of Warrants
Outstanding, beginning of year	3,968,334	2,118,334
Exercised during the period	(2,155,834)	-
Issued during the period	928,572	1,850,000
Outstanding, end of period	2,741,072	3,968,334

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

Warrants outstanding and exercisable as at September 30, 2020 are as follows:

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,850,000	\$0.50	August 8, 2022
891,072	\$0.85	May 7, 2023
2,741,072		

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The following table represents the details of related party transactions paid or accrued for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

For the nine months ended September 30	2020	2019
Management and consulting fees	253,981	101,334
Directors fees	28,500	27,000
Share-based payments (Note 5c)	711,607	-
	\$ 994,088	\$ 128,334

The President, the CFO and the Vice-President, Corporate Development of the Company provide management, technical consulting, accounting and administrative services to the Company through their consulting services corporations.

The Company paid or accrued \$130,431 to NS Star Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by the president, for technical, management and administration services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-\$101,334). The Company paid Morfopoulos Consulting Associates Ltd., a company 50% owned by the CFO, \$49,500 for accounting, management and administration services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-\$33,500).

The Company paid or accrued \$50,000 to 2725487 Ontario Limited, a company controlled by the Vice-President Corporate Development for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil).

The Company paid \$3,750 to director James Carr-Hilton for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil). The Company paid \$18,300 to director Maynard Brown for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil).

The Company's non-executive directors receive fees for their services as directors. In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company paid director fees totaling \$28,500.

In April 2019, the Company entered into agreements with its directors and officers that would result in compensation to be paid to the individual upon meeting certain conditions relating to a change of control of the Company. The aggregate amount of compensation that would be paid in total to all of the directors and officers upon a change of control is \$1,150,000. During the period ended September 30, 2020, there was no substantial change of control that occurred to warrant such payment to the directors and officers of the Company.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

7. MANAGEMENT OF CAPITAL

The Company's equity is considered to be capital under management. There has been no change in the nature of the Company's capital structure during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure at an acceptable risk.

The Board of Directors manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to its plan, based on economic and market conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue debt and may acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of capital, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on factors determined by the Board of Directors.

The Company is not subject to any external capital restrictions.

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company has classified its cash as FVTPL ("Fair Value through Profit of Loss"); and trade payables and accrued liabilities and due to related parties, as amortized cost.

The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company is exposed to concentration of credit risk with respect to its cash; however, the risk is minimized as cash is placed with major Canadian financial institutions.

b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to plan that it will have sufficient assets and cash flows to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2020, the Company has working capital of \$1,926,564 (December 31, 2019-\$486,576). As at September 30, 2020, the Company has trade payables and accrued liabilities and due to related parties of \$25,115 (December 31, 2019-\$28,349) which are due within the next twelve months.

c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of or future cash flows from the Company's financial instruments will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. Management closely monitors individual interest rates and foreign currency movements to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to material interest rate risk.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(Expressed in Canadian dollars)
For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019

e) Foreign currency risk

The Company has certain assets and liabilities denominated in US dollars that expose it to currency risk, as follows:

	September 30 2020	December 31 2019
Cash	\$ 444,771	\$ 47,077
Due to related parties	-	(8,285)
Net foreign exposure to US dollars	\$ 444,771	\$ 38,892

The Company does not utilize derivatives or other techniques to manage foreign currency risk.

Based on the above net foreign currency exposure as at September 30, 2020 and assuming all other variables remain constant, a 15% (December 31, 2019-15%) strengthening or weakening of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would result in a \$67,000 increase/decrease of foreign exchange gain or loss in the Company's consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

g) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to any significant other price risk.

9. SEGMENTED DISCLOSURE

The Company has one operating segment, mineral exploration and development. The Company's non-current assets are located in Peru and in the province of Ontario, Canada as illustrated below.

	September 30 2020	December 31 2019
Canada	\$ 1	\$ 1
Peru	-	-
Total	\$ 1	\$ 1

10. EVENT SUBSEQUENT TO THE END OF THE PERIOD

Stock Options Exercised

Subsequent to the end of the period, 1,050,000 stock options at a price of \$0.17 each were exercised, for total proceeds to the Company of \$178,500 and the issuance of 1,050,000 shares of the Company.

NEW OROPERU RESOURCES INC.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS For the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (Expressed in Canadian dollars)

General

The information in this Management's Discussion and Analysis, or MD&A, is intended to assist the reader in the understanding and assessment of the trends and significant changes in the results of operations and financial conditions of New Oroperu Resources Inc. (the "Company" or "New Oroperu"). This MD&A should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Company, including the notes thereto, for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 and the audited financial statements of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, and MD&A of such financial statements, and other information relating to the Company on file with the Canadian provincial securities regulatory authorities on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. The Company's audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). This MD&A has taken into account information available up to and including November 27, 2020. All monetary units herein are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise noted.

New Oroperu is an exploration stage company engaged in the identification, evaluation, acquisition and exploration primarily of gold properties in Peru. The Company is a reporting issuer in British Columbia, Alberta and Ontario and trades on the TSX Venture Exchange under the symbol ORO.

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements. Please refer to the cautionary language at the end of this document.

Company Overview

The Company continues to maintain its 100% interest in the Tres Cruces gold project in north central Peru, which has been under an option to purchase agreement (the "Agreement") with a subsidiary of Barrick Gold Corp. (Minera Barrick Misquichilca S.A.) ("Barrick"). In May 2020, the Company received a US\$250,000 option payment (less US\$75,000 withholding taxes) from Barrick. Barrick has advised the Company that it did not conduct any material amount of field work on the Tres Cruces project during the current year-to-date, and the Company is not aware of Barrick's future plans for the Tres Cruces project. Barrick's option to acquire a 70% interest in the Tres Cruces project expires on December 31, 2020 if it does not make a production decision by that date.

\$1,300,000 Private Placement Completed

In May 2020, the Company completed a \$1,300,000 non-brokered private placement, consisting of 1,857,143 units at a price of \$0.70 per unit. Each unit consisted of one common share of the Company and one-half of one transferable share purchase warrant of the Company. Each share purchase warrant is exercisable to acquire one common share at an exercise price of \$0.85 for a period of three years from the date of closing of the private placement.

The proceeds of the private placement will be used to enhance the Company's general working capital and to ensure funds are available to resume management and operations of the Tres Cruces project in the event that Barrick does not exercise its option to acquire 70% of the project by making a production decision before it expires at the end of this year.

Jonathan Rubenstein joins Board of Directors

In September 2020, Mr. Jonathan Rubenstein was added to the Company's board of directors. Mr. Rubenstein practiced law for 18 years and held a number of mining director positions during that time. In 1994, he became a full-time mining executive and mining director. He has served on numerous mining company boards during the last 40 years and was actively engaged in the strategic, commercial, governance and government relations aspects of permitting, property acquisition, exploration,

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development and operations for these companies. He has negotiated and completed property acquisitions, joint ventures, development agreements, financings and takeover bid transactions, for both major and junior companies and has dealt with foreign and Canadian domestic regulators, banks, and financial institutions, as well as the mining investment community. He has had active roles in dealings with local populations, in compensation matters, in the management of litigation and arbitrations, and in regulatory compliance. He was directly involved in negotiating or supervising acquisitions, mergers and takeover transactions totalling in excess of \$5 billion and, in addition, financings which raised more than \$2.5 billion.

Mr. Rubenstein was instrumental in the sale of Aurelian Resources to Kinross in 2007 at a \$1.2 billion valuation and the sale of Cumberland Resources at a \$710 million valuation to Agnico Eagle. Prior to this, in November 2005, he and two other team members at Canico Resource Corp. completed the sale of Canico to Companhia Vale do Rio Doce for \$940 million in cash. In 1999, Mr. Rubenstein and the team at Sutton Resources sold Sutton to Barrick at a \$545 million valuation. In 2018, Mr. Rubenstein and the special committee which he chaired at Dalradian Resources sold Dalradian to Orion Mine Finance for \$537 million.

Mr. Rubenstein recently retired as Chairman of Mag Silver and as a director of Eldorado Gold. He was also a director of Detour Gold while it acquired, financed, permitted, developed and operated the Detour Lake Gold Mine. He currently also sits as a director on the boards of Roxgold Inc. and Sable Resources Ltd.

Vice-President of Corporate Development Appointment

In May 2020 the Company announced the appointment of Christina McCarthy as Vice-President of Corporate Development in order to assist the Company in its strategic advancement. Ms. McCarthy brings over 10 years of resource capital market experience combined with a technical background in geology to New Oroperu. She previously held the position of Director of Corporate Development with an intermediate international gold miner for the past five years. Ms. McCarthy's experience in capital markets, institutional investment banking and marketing make her well suited for the advancement of New Oroperu. Ms. McCarthy holds a B.A. degree in Geology/Earth Sciences from Brock University in Ontario, Canada.

Tres Cruces Gold Project Option Agreement

The Tres Cruces project has been under an option to purchase agreement with Barrick since 2003. To maintain its option, Barrick must make a payment to the Company of US\$250,000 a year, which to date has been paid, subject to a 30% Peruvian withholding tax. Under the terms of the agreement, all exploration expenditures deemed necessary by Barrick to make a production decision will be paid by Barrick at no cost to the Company. Following a production decision, the Company would retain a 30% fully financed interest in Aurifera, a 2% royalty interest and receive a US\$1,000,000 advance royalty payment.

In October 2012, the Company announced the completion of an independent technical report which expanded the property's mineral resource estimate, based on Barrick's and the Company's own exploration data and analysis. The technical report was a milestone for the Company and contains an estimate of 2.6 million oz. of gold in the measured and indicated category at a 0.6 g/t gold cut-off (see news release dated October 16, 2012).

This estimate was based on 359 drill holes and nearly 74,000 meters of drilling and represents a substantial increase from an earlier historical resource estimate of 1.7 million oz of gold. There is also an inferred resource in areas immediately adjacent to the deposit and at depth which may be converted to a

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higher category with additional drilling. The gold mineralized system is open to depth with some drill holes bottoming in mineralization. Further exploration is warranted to define the full extent of mineralization.

Under the terms of the Agreement, the development of the Tres Cruces project is dependent on Barrick's plans and decisions, subject to certain qualifying provisions in the Agreement relating to its option to acquire a 70% interest in the project by making a production decision by December 31, 2020.

The Tres Cruces Gold Project

The Tres Cruces project is under option to Barrick, as discussed in the above Company Overview. Barrick can earn a 70% interest in Aurifera, subject to an underlying 1.5% royalty and 2% royalty to the Company.

Nearby the Tres Cruces project, about 10 km to the north, Barrick has invested an estimated \$340 million in the development of its Lagunas Norte deposit, where production started in June 2005. Since then the Lagunas Norte project has reported several years of production greater than 1 million oz. of gold per year. Barrick reported a measured and indicated estimated resource of 58.4 million tonnes grading 2.28 g/t, containing 4.3 million oz of gold at Lagunas Norte as of December 31, 2019. Barrick has publicly reported a review for processing sulphidic material unsuited for heap leaching at its Lagunas Norte mining operations. This study, described in a Barrick NI 43-101 technical report dated March 21, 2016 contemplates using a new grinding-flotation-autoclave processing facility for sulphidic ores. On February 22, 2018, Barrick announced in its Investor Day forum its two-stage plan to initially treat stock-piled carbonaceous oxide ore, containing about 600,000 oz. gold, utilizing a mill and the CIL recovery process (Investment: \$308 million). This facility would then be upgraded with a flotation plant and autoclave to treat sulphidic ores containing an estimated 2.2 million oz. of gold. Barrick stated that its initial stage will start construction in 2019 to begin processing in 2021. Barrick reported in its third quarter that it has updated a feasibility study for the treatment of its carbonaceous oxide ores and is advancing the project to detailed engineering. In Barrick's 4th quarter 2018 results and in its 2018 Annual Report, Barrick stated that the updated feasibility did not meet the company's investment criteria. In its 2019 Annual Report, Barrick indicated that Lagunas Norte is in "care and maintenance" status. Barrick stated it was continuing to study the Lagunas Norte project to attempt to improve the economics, to review near-pit resources and further exploration with potential to extend the life of mine. It also noted the Tres Cruces property as a defined resource and processing optionality. Barrick reported in the 3rd quarter 2020 that there is a continuing reevaluation of historical data to upgrade the Lagunas Norte 3D geological model with the expectation to generate additional resource targets. It also reported that infill and expansion drilling for leach ore commenced.

Prior metallurgical test work on Tres Cruces mineralization described in the Company's NI 43-101 Report by Peter A. Lacroix, described below, indicates good recoveries for a CIL flotation process. The Company believes that this potential addition of a grinding-flotation-autoclave circuit to extend the life of Barrick's Lagunas Norte mine could enhance the development opportunity for Tres Cruces because of the proximal advantages of Tres Cruces to Barrick's operations.

New Oroperu has a NI 43-101 technical report on the Tres Cruces project entitled "Technical Report on the Tres Cruces Project, North Central Peru", dated September 28, 2012, by Peter A. Lacroix, P. Eng. of Lacroix & Associates, which updated mineral resource estimates for the Tres Cruces project based on all available information to that date. There has been no subsequent drilling or metallurgy since September 28, 2012 which would affect a resource estimate. According to the report, the Tres Cruces mineral resource is estimated to contain 2.6 million oz. of gold at a 0.6 g/t Au cut-off in the measured and indicated category.

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A complete copy of the report is available at www.sedar.com or through the Company's website at www.orooperu.com.

The estimates are based on a three dimensional (3D) block model with grade interpolation domains created using lithology and alteration models. Grades were estimated using ordinary kriging. A grade envelope created by indicator kriging at a 0.2 g/t gold cut-off was used to constrain the estimate, which is tabulated in the following table:

MINERAL RESOURCE ESTIMATES, 0.6 G/T AU CUT-OFF New Oroperu Resources Inc. – Tres Cruces Project

	<u>Kt</u>	<u>g/t Au</u>	<u>Koz Au</u>
Measured	4,961	1.52	242
Indicated	61,068	1.20	2,365
Total Measured + Indicated	66,029	1.23	2,608
Inferred	19,552	0.97	611

Notes:

1. CIM definitions were followed for Mineral Resources.
2. Mineral Resources are reported at a cut-off grade of 0.6 g/t Au.
3. Mineral Resources are estimated using an average gold price of US\$1,500 per ounce and metallurgical recovery of 82% of the contained gold.
4. Excludes Barrick claims.
5. Totals may not agree due to rounding.

Other Mineral Properties

The Company owns a 100% interest in one mineral property located in Ontario, Canada and it continues to maintain its rights on the property. No field work was conducted on the property in the past twelve months.

Results of Operations

The Company's net loss for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 was \$923,291 (2019-\$5,211 gain). In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, Barrick continued to cover project costs related to maintenance of the Tres Cruces property, as per the terms of its exploration and option agreement. During the period, the Company incurred \$170,090 in costs related to the Tres Cruces project of which \$97,385 has been capitalized in exploration and evaluation properties.

The Company had net cash operating expenses of \$354,028 for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (which excludes \$711,000 for non-cash share-based payments), compared to cash operating costs of \$236,096 for the same period in 2019. The increases in operating costs were primarily due to increased consulting fees incurred for corporate development.

Selected Quarterly Information

In the three months ended September 30, 2020, the Company incurred aggregate expenditures of \$97,385 on the Tres Cruces project. The Company recorded cash operating expenses of \$189,737 for the three months ended September 30, 2020 (excluding \$546,304 for non-cash share-based payments), compared to cash operating costs of \$79,631 for the same quarter last year. Current year expenditures for the quarter were higher primarily due to increased consulting fees related to corporate development.

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Results for the eight most recent quarters ending with the last quarter ended September 30, 2020:

For the quarterly periods ending	September 30 2020	June 30 2020	March 31 2020	December 31 2019
Income (loss) for the quarter	\$ (746,244)	\$ (84,083)	\$ (92,964)	\$ (79,875)
Basic income (loss) per share	(\$0.03)	(\$0.01)	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)
For the quarterly periods ending	September 30 2019	June 30 2019	March 31 2019	December 31 2018
Income (loss) for the quarter	\$ (76,962)	\$ 155,091	\$ (72,918)	\$ (70,288)
Basic loss per share	(\$0.00)	\$0.01	(\$0.00)	(\$0.00)

Quarterly Results - General Trend

The Company expects that the level of general quarterly operating expenses will remain in the current higher range, as the Company prepares to deal with Barrick in respect of the Tres Cruces Agreement.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, New Oroperu's cash position increased by \$1,413,352. In May 2020, the Company received a \$244,720 (US\$175,000) option payment from Barrick in regard to the Tres Cruces property option agreement, and \$1,300,000 from a non-brokered private placement financing. Additional sources of cash during the period ended September 30, 2020 were \$455,542 from the exercise of warrants and \$8,500 from the exercise of stock options. Subsequent to the end of the period, the Company received \$178,500 from the exercise of stock options.

As at September 30, 2020, the Company's cash position was \$1,900,480 (December 31, 2019-\$487,128) and its working capital was \$1,926,564 (December 31, 2019-\$486,576).

The Company is dependent on raising funds through the issuance of shares, obtaining debt financing, and/or attracting joint venture partners in order to undertake further exploration and development of its mineral properties. Management believes that additional financing may be available and may be sourced when needed to allow the Company to continue its planned activities in the normal course. There can, however, be no assurance the Company will be able to raise additional funds in the near future.

The Company is not in commercial production on any of its mineral properties and accordingly, it does not generate cash from operations.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company has not entered into any off-balance sheet financing arrangements.

Proposed Transactions

There are no proposed transactions.

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Outstanding Share Data

There were 26,837,962 shares of the Company outstanding at September 30, 2020 and 27,877,962 shares as of the date of this report.

Stock Options

In May 2020, the Company issued 400,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$1.25, with an expiry date of May 4, 2023. In September 2020, the Company issued 500,000 stock options at an exercise price of \$2.50, with an expiry date of September 4, 2025.

The following stock options are outstanding as at September 30, 2020:

No. of Options	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,050,000	\$0.17	October 30, 2020
2,500,000	\$0.45	December 4, 2022
400,000	\$1.25	May 4, 2023
500,000	\$2.50	September 4, 2025
4,450,000		

Subsequent to the end of the quarter, 1,050,000 stock options at \$0.17 were exercised.

Warrants

In May 2020, the Company issued 928,572 warrants with an exercise price of \$0.85, with an expiry date of May 7, 2023.

The following warrants are outstanding as at September 30, 2020.

No. of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date
1,850,000	\$ 0.50	August 8, 2022
891,072	\$0.85	May 7, 2023
2,741,072		

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Related Party Transactions

The following table represents the details of related party transactions paid or accrued for the nine months ended September 30, 2020 and 2019:

For the nine months ended September 30	2020	2019
Management and consulting fees	253,981	101,334
Directors fees	28,500	27,000
Share-based payments	711,607	-
	\$ 994,088	\$ 128,334

The President, the CFO and the Vice-President, Corporate Development of the Company provide management, technical consulting, accounting and administrative services to the Company through their consulting services corporations.

The Company paid or accrued \$130,431 to NS Star Enterprises Ltd., a company controlled by the president, for technical, management and administration services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-\$101,334). The Company paid Morfopoulos Consulting Associates Ltd., a company 50% owned by the CFO, \$49,500 for accounting, management and administration services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-\$33,500).

The Company paid or accrued \$50,000 to 2725487 Ontario Limited, a company controlled by the Vice-President Corporate Development for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil).

The Company paid \$3,750 to director James Carr-Hilton for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil). The Company paid \$18,300 to director Maynard Brown for consulting services during the nine months ended September 30, 2020 (2019-Nil).

The Company's non-executive directors receive fees for their services as directors. In the nine months ended September 30, 2020, the Company paid director fees totaling \$28,500.

In April 2019, the Company entered into agreements with its directors and officers that would result in compensation to be paid to the individual upon meeting certain conditions relating to a change of control of the Company. The aggregate amount of compensation that would be paid in total to all of the directors and officers upon a change of control is \$1,150,000. During the period ended September 30, 2020, there was no substantial change of control that occurred to warrant such payment to the directors and officers of the Company.

Management of Capital

The Company's equity is considered to be capital under management. There has been no change in the nature of the Company's capital structure during the nine months ended September 30, 2020. The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development of mineral properties and to maintain a flexible capital structure at an acceptable risk.

The Board of Directors manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to its plan, based on economic and market conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. To maintain or

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adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, issue debt and may acquire or dispose of assets.

In order to facilitate the management of capital, the Company prepares expenditure budgets that are updated as necessary depending on factors determined by the Board of Directors.

The Company is not subject to any external capital restrictions.

The Company does not expect to pay out dividends in the foreseeable future. The Company's investment policy is to keep its cash on deposit in an interest bearing major Canadian chartered bank account.

Use of Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances and which form the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant assumptions about the future and other sources of estimation uncertainty that management has made that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the event that actual results differ from assumptions made, relate to, but are not limited to, the following:

Critical accounting estimates

Critical accounting estimates are estimates and assumptions made by management in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that may result in a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and include, but are not limited to, the following:

Share-based payments

The fair value of share-based payments are subject to the limitations of the Black-Scholes option pricing model, which incorporates market data and involves the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the volatility of share prices, and changes in subjective input assumptions which can materially affect the fair value estimate.

Critical accounting judgments

Information about critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, the following:

Recovery of deferred tax assets

The Company estimates the expected manner and timing of the realization or settlement of the carrying value of its assets and liabilities and applies the tax rates that are enacted or substantively enacted on the estimated dates of realization or settlement.

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Functional currency

The Company applied judgment in determining its functional currency and the functional currency of its subsidiaries. Functional currency was determined based on the currency in which funds are sourced and the degree of dependence by the subsidiary on the Company for financial support.

Exploration and evaluation assets

Management is required to make judgments on the status of each mineral property, the future plans with respect to finding commercial reserves, and indicators of impairment. The nature of exploration and evaluation activity is such that only a few projects are ultimately successful and some assets are likely to become impaired in future periods.

Going concern

The assessment of the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and to raise sufficient funds to pay for its ongoing operating expenditures, meet its liabilities for the ensuing year, and to fund planned and contractual exploration programs, involves significant judgement based on historical experience and other factors, including expectation of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Financial Instruments

(i) Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

A financial asset is measured initially at fair value less, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortized cost, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income or measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Company recognizes a financial asset when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Subsequent measurement

The subsequent measurement of financial assets depends on their classification as follows:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets measured at fair value through profit and loss are carried in the consolidated statements of financial position at fair value with changes in fair value therein, recognized in profit or loss.

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Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI")

A financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized initially at fair value plus transaction cost directly attributable to the asset. After initial recognition, the asset is measured at fair value with changes in fair value included as "financial asset at fair value through other comprehensive income" in other comprehensive income. Accumulated gains or losses recognized through other comprehensive income are directly transferred to retained earnings (deficit) when the financial instrument is derecognized or its fair value substantially decreases.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortized cost, using the effective interest method.

(ii) Derecognition

A financial asset or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets is derecognized when:

- the contractual rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired; or
- the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

(iii) Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. A financial liability is derecognized when it is extinguished, discharged, cancelled or when it expires. Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities subsequently measured at amortized cost. All interest-related charges are reported in profit or loss within interest expense, if applicable.

(iv) Fair value hierarchy

The Company categorizes financial instruments measured at fair value at one of three levels according to the reliability of the inputs used to estimate fair values. The fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities included in Level 1 are determined by reference to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets and liabilities. Financial assets and liabilities in Level 2 are valued using inputs other than quoted prices for which all significant inputs are based on observable market data. Level 3 valuations are based on inputs that are not based on observable market data.

The Company has classified its cash as FVTPL; and trade payables and accrued liabilities and due to related parties, as amortized cost.

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The Company's risk exposure and the impact on the Company's financial instruments are as follows:

a) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Company is exposed to concentration of credit risk with respect to its cash; however, the risk is minimized as cash is placed with major Canadian financial institutions.

b) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in satisfying financial obligations as they become due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to plan that it will have sufficient assets and cash flows to meet liabilities when due. As at September 30, 2020, the Company has working capital of \$1,926,564 (December 31, 2019-\$486,576). As at September 30, 2020, the Company has trade payables and accrued liabilities and due to related parties of \$25,115 (December 31, 2019-\$28,349).

c) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of or future cash flows from the Company's financial instruments will significantly fluctuate due to changes in market prices. The value of financial instruments can be affected by changes in interest rates, foreign currency rates and equity prices. Management closely monitors individual interest rate and foreign currency movements to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company.

d) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk.

e) Foreign currency risk

The Company has certain assets and liabilities denominated in United States dollars that expose it to currency risk, as follows:

	September 30 2020	December 31 2019
Cash	\$ 444,771	\$ 47,077
Due to related parties	-	(8,285)
Net foreign exposure to US dollars	\$ 490,639	\$ 38,892

The Company does not utilize derivatives or other techniques to manage foreign currency risk.

Based on the above net foreign currency exposure as at September 30, 2020 and assuming all other variables remain constant, a 15% (December 31, 2019-15%) strengthening or weakening of the US dollar against the Canadian dollar would result in a \$67,000 increase/decrease of foreign exchange gain or loss in the Company's consolidated statements of loss and comprehensive loss.

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f) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or foreign currency risk. The Company is not exposed to any significant price risk.

Risk Factors

Companies operating in the mining industry face many and varied kind of risks. While risk management cannot eliminate the impact of all potential risks, the Company strives to manage such risks to the extent possible and practical. Following are the risk factors most applicable to the Company.

Financial

The Company has not generated any revenue since inception and has never paid any dividends and is unlikely to pay dividends or generate earnings in the immediate or foreseeable future. As at September 30, 2020, the Company has incurred losses since inception and has an accumulated operating deficit of \$35,618,816. The continuation and long-term viability of the Company remains dependent upon its ability to obtain necessary equity financing to continue operations and to determine the existence, discovery and successful exploitation of economically recoverable reserves in its resource properties, confirmation of the Company's interests in the underlying properties, and the attainment of profitable operations.

Industry

Exploring and developing mineral resource projects bears a high potential for a variety of risks. Additionally, few exploration projects successfully achieve development due to factors that cannot be predicted or foreseen. Moreover, even one such factor may result in the economic viability of a project being detrimentally impacted such that it is not feasible or practical to proceed.

Although the Company has taken steps to verify the title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, in accordance with industry standards for the current stage of exploration of such properties, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Property title may be subject to unregistered prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects.

Metal Prices

The principal activity of the Company is the exploration and development of gold resource properties. The feasible development of such properties is highly dependent upon the price of gold. A sustained and substantial decline in commodity gold prices could result in the write-down, termination of exploration and development work or loss of its interests in identified resource properties. Although such prices cannot be forecasted with certainty, the Company carefully monitors factors which could affect gold commodity prices in order to assess the feasibility of its resource projects.

Political Risk

The resource properties on which the Company is pursuing its exploration and development activities are all located in Peru, South America. While the political climate is considered by the Company to be stable, there can be no assurances that this will continue indefinitely. To alleviate such risk, the Company funds its Peru operations on an as-needed basis. The Company does not presently maintain political risk insurance for its foreign exploration projects.

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Environmental

Exploration and development projects are subject to the environmental laws and regulations of the country within which the Company is conducting its operations. As such laws are subject to change, the Company carefully monitors proposed and potential changes and management believes the Company remains in compliance with current environmental regulations in the relevant jurisdictions.

Based on management's knowledge of and experience in the financial markets, management does not believe that the Company's current financial instruments will be materially affected by credit risk, liquidity risk or market risk.

Coronavirus global pandemic risk

In March 2020, the world Health organization declared a global pandemic related to the virus known as COVID-19. The expected impacts on global commerce are anticipated to be far reaching. To date there have been significant declines in the equity markets, and the movement of people and goods has become restricted.

As the Company does not have production activities, the ability to fund ongoing exploration is affected by the availability of financing. Due to market uncertainty, the Company may be restricted in its ability to raise additional funding.

The impact of these factors on the Company is still not determinable; however, they may have a material impact on the Company's financial position, results of operations and cash flows in future periods. In particular, there may be heightened risk of mineral property impairment and going concern uncertainty.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Some of the statements in this document constitute "forward looking statements". Where New Oroperu expresses an expectation or belief as to future events or results, management plans and objectives, and projections of exploration results, such expectation or belief is expressed in good faith and is believed to have a reasonable basis. The Company makes no representation that reasonable business people in possession of the same information would reach the same conclusions. While these statements represent our best current judgment, they are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to vary, the specifics of which are detailed in disclosures with the heading "Risk Factors" in the Company's periodic filings with securities regulators. Although the Company has attempted to identify important factors that could cause actual actions, events or results to differ materially from those described in forward-looking statements, there may be other factors that cause actions, events or results not to be as anticipated, estimated or intended. There can be no assurance that forward-looking statements will prove to be accurate, as actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements. Accordingly, readers should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A or, in the case of documents incorporated by reference herein, as of the date of such documents, and New Oroperu does not assume the obligation to update any forward-looking statement.

This MD&A includes, but is not limited to, forward-looking statements regarding the Company's exploration properties in Peru, and the Company's ability to meet its working capital needs for the next year.

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Approvals

Peter A. Lacroix, P. Eng., and a qualified person as defined by Canadian National Instrument 43-101, has reviewed the Tres Cruces property technical information contained in this MD&A.

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this MD&A. A copy of this MD&A will be provided to anyone who requests it.

Additional Information

Additional information about the Company may be found on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.